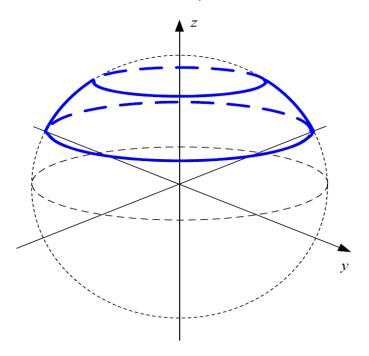
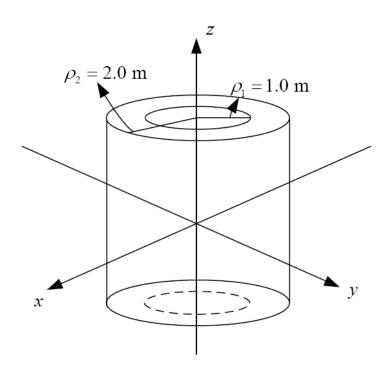
## <u>Home Assignment – 5</u>

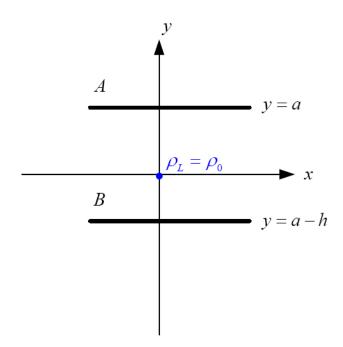
1. Let  $\vec{J} = \frac{400 sin\theta}{r^2 + 4} \ \hat{a}_r \ A/m^2$ . Write a MATLAB program to find the total current flowing through that portion of the spherical surface r = 0.8, bounded by  $0.1\pi < \theta < 0.3\pi$ , and  $0 < \varphi < 2\pi$ .



2. An electric field  $\vec{E} = \frac{5 \times 10^4}{\rho} \hat{a}_{\rho}$  V/m exists in cylindrical coordinates. Find analytically the electric energy stored in the region bounded by  $1.0m < \rho < 2.0m, -2.0m < z < 2.0m$  and  $0 < \varphi < 2\pi$  as shown in following Figure. Verify your answer using a MATLAB program.



3. An infinite line charge with charge density  $\rho_L = \rho_0$  lies on the z axis. Two infinite conducting planes are located at y = a and y = a - h and both have zero potential. Find the voltage at any given point (x, y). If,  $\rho_0 = 1.0 \times 10^{-7} \ C/m$ , a = 1.0m and h = 2.0m, plot the contours of the voltage.



4. Two perfect dielectrics have relative permittivities  $\varepsilon_{r1}=3$  and  $\varepsilon_{r2}=6$ . The planar interface between them is the surface x+y+2z=1. The origin lies in region 1. If  $\vec{E}_1=24.0\hat{a}_x+36.0\hat{a}_y+42.0\hat{a}_z$  V/m, find  $\vec{E}_2$ . Write a MATLAB program to determine the field  $\vec{E}_2$  for arbitrary values of the permittivities  $\varepsilon_{r1}$  and  $\varepsilon_{r2}$ .