# **Circuit Theory and Device (ECE215)**

Offering: Monsoon Semester Instructor (Winter – 2016): Mohammad Hashmi

Credits: 4
Pre-requisites: Basic Electronics, Linear Algebra
Co-requisites: Signals and Systems, Differential Equations
Post Condition (on student capability after successfully completing the course):
To be able to analyze and synthesize electrical circuits

- To be able to find circuit response using Laplace transform
- To understand signal superposition and Fourier transform
- To be able to use industry standard SPICE tools for simple circuit analysis and synthesis

#### **Brief Description:**

This course intends to develop problem solving skills and understanding of circuit theory through the application of techniques and principles of electrical circuit analysis to common circuit problems. Subsequently, most common aspects such as filter realization and stability will be elaborated through frequency response analysis, feedback topologies etc. Broadly, the goals of the course are to inculcate understanding of: (a) waveforms, signals, transient, and steady-state responses of RLC circuits, (b) the ability to apply circuit analysis to AC circuits, and (c) advanced mathematical methods such as Laplace and Fourier transforms along with linear algebra and differential equations techniques for solving circuits problems.

Week	Topics to be Covered
1	<ul> <li>Introduction (Lect-1)</li> <li>Review of First-Order Circuits</li> </ul>
2	<ul> <li>Second-Order Circuits - The Source Free Series RLC Circuit, The Source Free Parallel RLC Circuit</li> <li>Second-Order Circuits – Step Response of Series and Parallel RLC Circuit, General Second Order Circuit, Second-Order Op Amp Circuits</li> </ul>
3	<ul> <li>AC Circuits: Sinusoids, Phasors, Phasor Relationships for Circuit Elements, KCL in Frequency Domain</li> <li>AC Circuits: Impedance Combinations, Phase-Shifters, AC Bridges</li> </ul>
4	<ul> <li>Sinusoidal Steady State Analysis: Nodal and Mesh Analysis, Superposition Theorem, Source Transformation, Thevenin and Norton Equivalent Circuits</li> <li>AC Power Analysis – Instantaneous and Average Power, Maximum Average Power, Maximum Power Transfer, Apparent Power and Power Factor</li> </ul>

#### **Detailed Outline:**

5	<ul> <li>Magnetically Coupled Circuits – Mutual Inductance, Energy in a Coupled Circuit, Linear and Ideal Transformers</li> <li>Ideal Autotransformers, Transformer as an Isolation Device, Transformer as a Matching Device</li> </ul>
6	<ul> <li>Frequency Response – Transfer Function, Bode Plot, Series Resonance, Parallel Resonance</li> <li>Passive and Active Filters</li> </ul>
7	<ul> <li>Scaling (Magnitude, Frequency, Magnitude and Frequency)</li> <li>Filter Synthesis (LP and HP)</li> </ul>
8	<ul> <li>Intro to Laplace Transforms (LT), Properties, Inverse of LT (Simple, Repeated and Complex Poles), Convolution Integral</li> <li>Circuit Element Models, Circuit Analysis, Transfer Functions, State Variables</li> </ul>
9	<ul> <li>Network Stability, Network Synthesis</li> <li>The Fourier Series, Symmetry, Filters</li> </ul>
10	<ul> <li>Circuit Analysis using Fourier Transforms</li> <li>Two-port networks (Impedance and Admittance Matrix)</li> </ul>
11	<ul> <li>Hybrid Parameters, Transmission Parameters</li> <li>Scattering Parameters</li> </ul>
12 & 13	• Recap

# Text Book:

• Fundamentals of Electric Circuits 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Charles K. Alexander and Mathew N. O. Sadiku

### **Reference Book:**

• Network Analysis and Synthesis 3rd Edition, Franklin F. Kuo

#### Methodology:

- Class lectures will be power point slides based and may be augmented by supplementary resources such as traditional chalk and board
- SPICE simulations will be incorporated to help students in understanding the concepts

#### **Evaluation:**

Class-Test (all compulsory): 20%; Home Assignments and Labs (all compulsory): 30% Mid-sem: 25%; End-sem: 25%

# **Plagiarism Policy:**

As per the institute guidelines